



Do we save by using energy-saving light bulbs?

Author

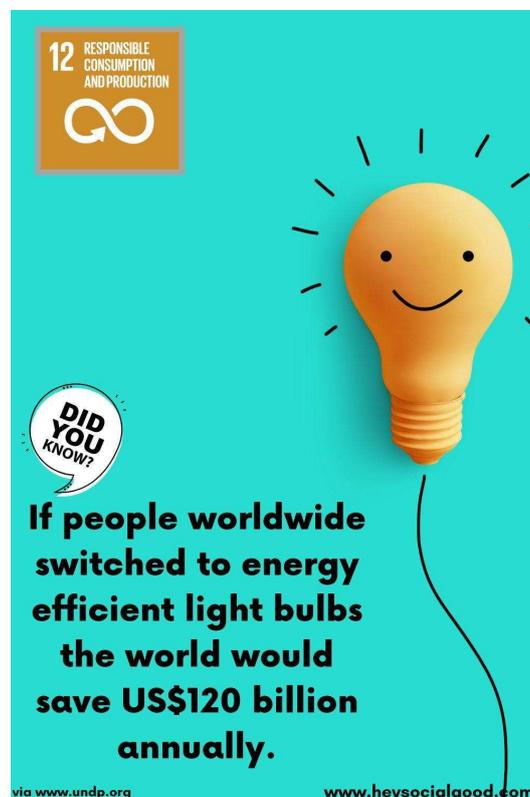
Judit García-Ferrero, Rosa Pilar Merchán Corral, María Jesús Santos Sánchez, Universidad de Salamanca (Spain).

Type of activity

An exercise that can be posed in physics and chemistry classes, as well as in economics. It is related to SDG 12 "Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns".

Target educational level

It can be addressed to the last courses of High School students and to any university student.



Source

<https://www.fiscalab.com/ejercicio/765>

Problem statement

An electricity company charges 0.08 euros per kWh.

- How much will it charge for leaving the lamp in our room on for 12 hours, if it has 100 W of power?
- By what percentage would we reduce our consumption with a 25 W energy-saving light bulb, equivalent to the previous one?



Solution

Cost of kWh: $C=0.08 \text{ €/kWh}$

- Power of the normal bulb: $P_n=100 \text{ W}=0.100 \text{ kW}$

Cost of having this light bulb switched on for $t=12 \text{ h}$

$$C_n=0.100\text{W}\cdot 12\text{h}\cdot 0.08 \text{ €/kWh}=\mathbf{0.096\text{€}}$$

- Power of the energy saving bulb: $P_b=25 \text{ W}=0.025 \text{ kW}$

What it means to have this bulb switched on for $t=12 \text{ h}$

$$C_b=0.025\text{W}\cdot 12\text{h}\cdot 0.08 \text{ €/kWh}=\mathbf{0.024\text{€}}$$

- If we find the quotient between the consumption in both cases:

$$C_n/C_b=4 \quad \textcircled{R} \quad C_n =4 C_b$$

We can see that the normal bulb consumes 4 times more energy than the energy-saving bulb.



The savings can then be calculated:

$$(|C_n - C_b| / C_n) \cdot 100 = 75\%$$

In other words, **the use of an energy-saving light bulb saves 75%.**